

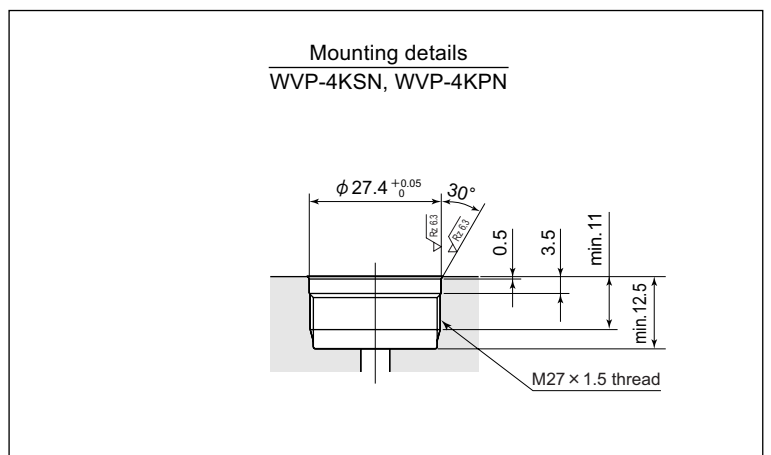
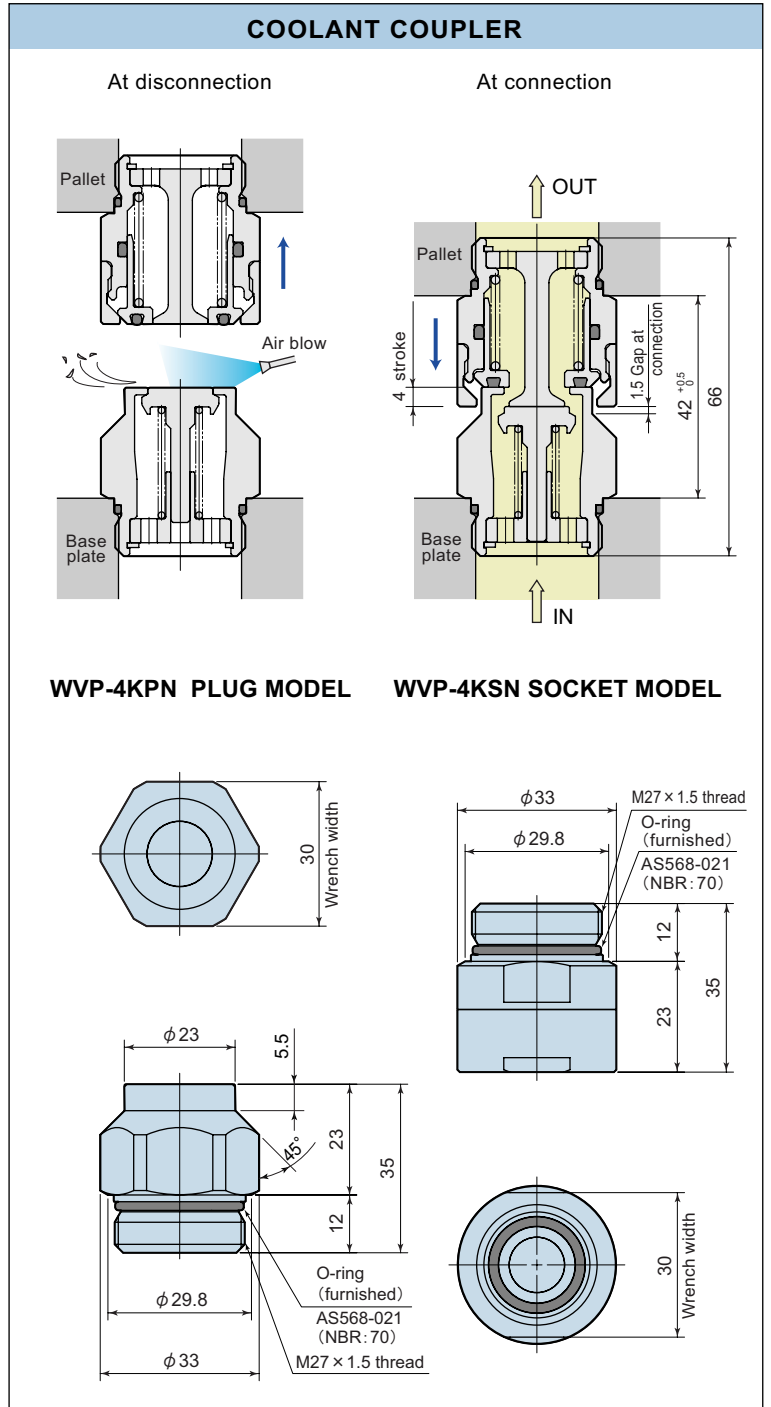


Coolant coupler particularly designed for machine tools.
No built-in filter in the structure.

- Large orifice area minimizes resistance so that high coolant flow can be used without excessive backpressure.

Max. Working Pressure	1.0 MPa
Proof Pressure	1.5 MPa
Orifice area	50.0 mm ²
Fluid used	Coolant
Allowable misalignment	± 1 mm
Allowable gradient	less than 0.2°
Reaction force	380 N per 1 MPa pressure Max. spring force 123 N at 0 MPa pressure
Ambient temperature	0 ~ 70°C
Mass	WVP-4KSN : 125g WVP-4KPN : 115g

NOTE : Coolant supply should be done after connection.



Caution In Use

1. When using a model that can connect/disconnect under pressure, be sure to carry out a sufficient air bleeding out of the circuit at the time of installation. If insufficient, the spill amount at disconnection may become larger.
2. Avoid connecting when the cutting chips or coolant liquid are attached at the tip of coupler. In such cases, be sure to carry out an air-blow before connection.
3. Before connecting the couplers, be sure to remove the burrs from the threaded portions of manifold or piping holes and clean inside the piping by flushing to completely put the chips away. As the filter is not built-in at the piping port side of each coupler, the intruded chips may scratch the seal portion to cause a possible oil leakage.
4. Forwarding force of coupler should be larger than the reaction force. The reaction force remains while coupled.
5. Guide or stopper are not prepared at the coupler body. They need to be provided at your end.

Reaction force calculation example

● Conditions

Hydraulic	2 circuits with double acting clamp (both 5 MPa) Coupler model : WVP-2HPL × 2, WVP-2HSL × 2
Air	1 circuit for landing detection (0.3 MPa) Coupler model : WVP-2WPN, WVP-2WSN

● Reaction force at clamping

Clamp circuit

$$\text{Spring force } 157(\text{N}) + \text{Hydraulic pressure } 5(\text{MPa}) \times 154 = 927(\text{N})$$

Unclamp circuit

$$\text{Spring force} = 157(\text{N})$$

Air circuit

$$\text{Spring force } 86(\text{N}) + \text{Air pressure } 0.3(\text{MPa}) \times 201 = 146(\text{N})$$

● Total reaction force

$$\text{Hydraulic coupler } 927(\text{N}) + 157(\text{N}) + \text{Air coupler } 146(\text{N}) = 1230(\text{N})$$